



Participatory Communication of Climate Change for smallholders {Climate Change on Air}

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Problem Statement

- Changes in rainfall patterns
- Poor soil which affects crop cultivation
- Increased pest and diseases for crops and livestock
- Increased intensity of the sun which affects roots and tuber crops
- Farmers witnessing low yield and income





Problem statement

- Farmers considered it weather change
- Uneducated, they cannot interpret the science of climate change





Methods

 Information , Education and Communication is key to Mitigation and Adaptation

Information opens the mind

Informed people make better choices

Climate change global...solutions local

 Radio - incredibly popular and only effective means for mass media available, in rural areas which speaks the local language





Methods

• With support of the World Bank we designed a:

20 Episode Radio serial drama on climate risk management in local Igbo Language

• Established 95 Smallholder Farmer Listener Clubs in all communities of broadcast coverage





- Radio drama covered topics on : climate smart agriculture, livestock management, fish keeping, disaster prepardness and community action.
- Increased smallholders knowledge on mitigation and adaptation, by 70%.
- 95 listener clubs imbibed climate smart agriculture practices.
- 95 listener clubs created small risk management projects.

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Conclusions/Recommendations

• Radio is a powerful tool to inform, educate and improve the livelihood of rural farmers.

 We will like to refine, translate and scale up 'Climate Change on Air' to other African countries.



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